

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**

**RESOLUTION NO. 3077.26**

**A RESOLUTION OF THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA, ACCEPTING THE MANAGERS REPORT ON THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024/2025 ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2025 PREPARED BY CABALLERO, FIERMAN, LLERENA & GARCIA, LLP; AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.**

**WHEREAS**, Caballero, Fierman, Llerena & Garcia LLP has prepared and submitted to the Town General Purpose Finance Statements for Fiscal Year 2024-2025; and

**WHEREAS**, the Town Council intends to formally recognize and accept the Town Manager's Report on the statements and audit, copies of which are attached as Exhibit "A" to this resolution.

**NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA, AS FOLLOWS:**

**Section 1. Financial Statements Accepted.** That the Town hereby accepts the Town Manager's Report on the General Purpose Financial Statements for Fiscal Year 2024/2025 ending September 30, 2025 prepared by Caballero, Fierman, Llerena & Garcia, LLP.

**Section 3. Effective Date.** That this Resolution shall be effective immediately upon adoption.

Sponsored by the **Town Administration**.

The Motion to adopt the foregoing Resolution was offered by Councilmember Lusskin, seconded by Councilmember Bernstein, and on roll call the following vote ensued:

Mayor Glenn Singer	<u>Aye</u>
Vice Mayor Jessie Mendal	<u>Absent</u>
Councilmember Kenneth Bernstein	<u>Aye</u>
Councilmember Bernard Einstein	<u>Aye</u>
Councilmember Judy Lusskin	<u>Aye</u>


**PASSED AND ADOPTED** by the Town Council of the Town of Golden Beach, Florida,  
this 9<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2026.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
MAYOR GLENN SINGER

ATTEST:

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
LISSETTE PEREZ  
TOWN CLERK

APPROVED AS TO FORM  
AND LEGAL SUFFICIENCY:

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
STEPHEN J. HELFMAN  
TOWN ATTORNEY

TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA  
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

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**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
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**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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Accountants  
Advisors

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council  
Town of Golden Beach, Florida

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### *Opinions*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Golden Beach, Florida (the Town) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the audit of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town, as of September 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### *Basis for Opinions*

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### *Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements*

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements*

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, the Schedule of Changes in the Town's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of Town Contributions, Schedule of Investment Returns, and the Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on pages XX-XX and XX-XX to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June XX, 2026, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Caballero Fierman Llerena & Garcia, LLP  
Miami, Florida  
June XX, 2026

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**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**  
**(Required Supplementary Information)**

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**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**Introduction**

This section of the Town of Golden Beach's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) of the Town's financial performance for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025. This narrative overview is intended to help readers understand the Town's financial activities and conditions in an objective, easily readable format. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Town's basic financial statements and accompanying notes.

The Town of Golden Beach is a small, fully developed residential community located in Miami-Dade County, Florida. The Town provides a range of services to its residents, including public safety, infrastructure maintenance, physical environment services, transportation, parks and recreation, and general government administration. The Town also operates a stormwater utility system, which is reported as a business-type activity.

**Financial Highlights**

The following are highlights of financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025:

- The Town's total net position for the primary government increased by \$1,740,157 — from \$23,915,656 at September 30, 2024 to \$25,655,813 at September 30, 2025 — reflecting a positive overall financial trajectory.
- Governmental activities net position increased by \$2,063,243, ending the year at \$17,198,457. This improvement was driven primarily by strong ad valorem tax revenues of \$15,223,166 and favorable investment income of \$613,232.
- Business-type activities (stormwater) net position decreased by \$323,086, ending the year at \$8,457,356, due to operating expenses exceeding revenues from charges for services.
- The Town's total capital assets, net of depreciation, grew to \$49,445,613 — an increase of \$2,592,273 over the prior year — reflecting significant capital investment activity, particularly in the CIP Fund.
- Governmental fund total revenues were \$20,478,144, while total expenditures were \$21,718,613. The \$1,240,469 deficit of revenues over expenditures reflects substantial capital outlay activity of \$4,280,199 in the CIP Fund.
- The General Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$8,561,535 — an increase of \$2,372,271 from the prior year — reflecting strong operating performance.
- Total governmental long-term bonds and notes payable were \$19,473,334 at year end, a decrease from the prior year as the Town continued to make scheduled principal payments of \$757,222.
- The Town's assessed property values grew to approximately \$1.857 billion as of the prior fiscal year, with continued appreciation expected to support revenue stability going forward.

**Town Highlights**

Fiscal Year 2024–2025 continued the Town's commitment to delivering exceptional services and investing in the infrastructure, technology, and community amenities that define Golden Beach as the premier residential community in South Florida. Building on the transformational milestones of FY 2023–2024 — including the completion of the Civic Center Complex and the launch of key capital initiatives — FY 2025 advanced several major projects toward completion and opened new chapters in the Town's concierge-level service model.

Key accomplishments and initiatives during FY 2024–2025 include:

- The Re-Imagined Tweddle Park project progressed toward completion, incorporating two pickleball courts, two full-size hard-surface tennis courts, a green artificial turf tennis court, a junior basketball court, a dog park, and a new tot lot. Retaining walls, site furniture, lighting fixtures, and conduit installation were completed during the fiscal year.
- The Wellness Center project advanced through the design phase under Eric Dempsey Architect, LLC. Resident committee feedback was incorporated into the facility design, with groundbreaking targeted for the end of FY 2025.

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

- The Town-Wide Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) system reached final implementation stages, with cameras installed at 84 additional locations, supplementing the existing 77 locations for a total system featuring over 208 smart-analytics lenses covering the entire community.
- The Tweddle Park Pump Station Retrofit Project was awarded to Southeastern Engineering, Inc., funded in part by a \$500,000 state grant and \$320,000 from code enforcement fee collections.
- Law enforcement capabilities were enhanced through the reinstatement of the motor and K-9 programs, the addition of a K-9 officer, the purchase of a drone for expanded perimeter visibility, and the installation of 11 emergency call boxes throughout the Town.
- The Town continued capital investment in its vehicle fleet, police radios, access control barrier gates, and Aclarian software to improve administrative transparency and efficiency.
- Additional oceanfront landscaping, beach pavilion curbing, and oceanfront security gates on the north and south sides were installed to enhance the residential experience and support drainage and crime prevention efforts.
- The Town received recognition as an alternate finalist for the All-American City Award.

The Town's organizational structure continues to evolve to streamline processes, eliminate service overlap, and position Golden Beach as a full-service concierge community. These investments in people, infrastructure, and technology reinforce the Town's standing as the premier community in which to live, work, and raise a family in South Florida.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements:** The government-wide financial statements, which consist of the following two statements, are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business:

**Statement of net position:** The statement of net position presents information on all the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

**Statement of activities:** The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11 and 12 of this report.

**Fund financial statements:** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town categorizes funds into three basic fund types: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

*Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Town's near-term financing requirements.

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide reconciliations to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 16 of this report.

The *proprietary fund* beginning on page 17 is comprised of an enterprise fund which is the equivalent of the business-type activities in the government-wide statements. The sole enterprise fund is the Stormwater Utility Fund.

The *fiduciary fund* beginning on page 20, which is not included in net position and the governmentwide financial statements, is presented in this section as the statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position - Retirement Plan for Employees of the Town of Golden Beach. The Town cannot use the assets in the pension plan to finance its operations; therefore, the activities of the Plan are excluded from the Town's government-wide financial statements. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

**Notes to basic financial statements:** The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 44 of this report.

**Required supplementary information:** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required and other supplementary information concerning the Town of Golden Beach. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 45 through 52 of this report.

**Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

The table below presents condensed statements of net position as of September 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Primary Government	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Current and other assets	\$ 12,326,623	\$ 13,221,892	\$ 746,058	\$ 350,193	\$ 13,072,681	\$ 13,572,085
Capital assets, net	<u>37,334,582</u>	<u>34,606,171</u>	<u>12,111,031</u>	<u>12,247,169</u>	<u>49,445,613</u>	<u>46,853,340</u>
Total assets	<u>49,661,205</u>	<u>47,828,063</u>	<u>12,857,089</u>	<u>12,597,362</u>	<u>62,518,294</u>	<u>60,425,425</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>4,288,354</u>	<u>4,881,952</u>	-	-	<u>4,288,354</u>	<u>4,881,952</u>
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	<u>53,949,559</u>	<u>52,710,015</u>	<u>12,857,089</u>	<u>12,597,362</u>	<u>66,806,648</u>	<u>7,008,156</u>
Current liabilities	2,304,690	2,963,588	3,414,206	2,831,393	5,718,896	5,794,981
Long-term liabilities	<u>30,910,952</u>	<u>30,162,286</u>	<u>985,527</u>	<u>985,527</u>	<u>31,896,479</u>	<u>31,147,813</u>
Total liabilities	<u>33,215,642</u>	<u>33,125,874</u>	<u>4,399,733</u>	<u>3,816,920</u>	<u>37,615,375</u>	<u>36,942,794</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>3,535,460</u>	<u>4,448,927</u>	-	-	<u>3,535,460</u>	<u>4,448,927</u>
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	24,455,443	22,025,994	11,125,504	11,056,572	35,580,947	33,082,566
Unrestricted	<u>(7,256,986)</u>	<u>(6,890,780)</u>	<u>(2,668,148)</u>	<u>(2,276,130)</u>	<u>(9,925,134)</u>	<u>(9,166,910)</u>
Total net position	<u>17,198,457</u>	<u>15,135,214</u>	<u>8,457,356</u>	<u>8,780,442</u>	<u>25,655,813</u>	<u>23,915,656</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	<u>\$ 53,949,559</u>	<u>\$ 52,710,015</u>	<u>\$ 12,857,089</u>	<u>\$ 12,597,362</u>	<u>\$ 66,806,648</u>	<u>\$ 65,307,377</u>

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**Government-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)**

The following table presents condensed statements of activities for the years ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Primary Government	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
<b>Revenues</b>						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 4,164,034	\$ 3,929,356	\$ 527,280	\$ 212,170	\$ 4,691,314	\$ 4,141,526
Grants	81,524	278,687	-	112,500	81,524	391,187
General revenues:						
Property taxes	15,223,166	13,719,580	-	-	15,223,166	13,719,580
Other general revenues	762,386	838,307	6,692	7,856	769,078	846,163
Other taxes and fees	247,034	228,632	327,818	369,530	574,852	598,162
Total revenues	<u>20,478,144</u>	<u>18,994,562</u>	<u>861,790</u>	<u>702,056</u>	<u>21,339,934</u>	<u>19,696,618</u>
<b>Program expenses</b>						
General government	6,214,115	5,455,895	-	-	6,214,115	5,455,895
Public safety	6,729,866	6,503,715	-	-	6,729,866	6,503,715
Physical environment	1,819,613	1,786,098	-	-	1,819,613	1,786,098
Transportation	1,106,916	900,402	-	-	1,106,916	900,402
Cultural and recreation	1,065,664	872,322	-	-	1,065,664	872,322
Special events	665,902	674,471	-	-	665,902	674,471
Interest expense	812,825	845,934	-	-	812,825	845,934
Stormwater drainage	-	-	1,184,876	510,629	1,184,876	510,629
Total expenses	<u>18,414,901</u>	<u>17,038,837</u>	<u>1,184,876</u>	<u>510,629</u>	<u>19,599,777</u>	<u>17,549,466</u>
Change in net position	<u>2,063,243</u>	<u>1,955,725</u>	<u>(323,086)</u>	<u>191,427</u>	<u>1,740,157</u>	<u>2,147,152</u>

**General discussion on revenues:** Property tax revenue is the major revenue source in governmental activities, accounting for approximately 74% of all governmental activities' general revenue during fiscal year 2025. The millage rate established by the Town Council during the budget process determines how much property tax revenue is generated. One mill of tax equals one dollar for each one thousand dollars of assessed property value as determined by the Miami-Dade County Property Appraiser. The ad valorem (property tax) rate was 7.6630 mills for general government services and \$0.7370 mills for bond debt service during the 2023–2024 fiscal year. Property values in Golden Beach have experienced continued appreciation consistent with broader Miami-Dade County real estate trends; during FY 2023–2024, values grew by approximately 13% over the prior year, reaching approximately \$1.857 billion in total assessed value. This trend has contributed to sustained growth in ad valorem revenues and supports the Town's long-term fiscal outlook.

Investment income of \$613,232 reflects a favorable interest rate environment on the Town's investment portfolio of approximately \$7.8 million. Licenses and permits revenue of \$3,365,373 reflects continued construction and development activity within the community.

**General discussion on expenses:** The Town is predominantly a service provider, and therefore its major expense is salaries and benefits. Salaries are specifically affected by cost-of-living adjustments, merit increases, and collective bargaining agreements, while benefit costs are closely linked to health insurance rates and actuarially determined pension contributions. Total governmental activity expenses were \$18,414,901 for FY 2025, and business-type expenses were \$1,179,153. The Town continues to manage expenditure growth while preserving the high level of service that Golden Beach residents expect.

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**Analysis of the Governmental Funds**

The Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds:** The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$9,684,080 a decrease of \$1,856,782.

The General Fund balance decreased to \$6,189,264 during the current fiscal year, a decrease of \$391,799.

**Proprietary fund:** The Town's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Net position of the Stormwater Utility Fund amounted to \$8,780,442 at the end of FY2024, an increase of \$191,427 from the prior fiscal year. Factors concerning the finances of this Fund are covered in more detail in the discussion of the Town of Golden Beach's business-type activities in the Government-wide Financial Analysis section of Management's Discussion and Analysis.

**General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

General Fund revenues were favorable to the final budget projections during FY 2025. License and permit revenues continued to outperform budget expectations, reflecting more new construction applications than anticipated. The Town's Finance Department continues to monitor revenues and expenditures on a monthly basis to ensure compliance with the adopted budget and to identify variances early in the fiscal year.

The Town's major expense categories — public safety and general government — were managed within appropriated levels. The Town's salaries and benefits, which represent the largest component of operating expenditures, are governed by cost-of-living adjustments, merit policies, and collective bargaining agreements. A detailed budget-to-actual comparison for the General Fund can be found in the required supplementary information section of this report.

**Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets:** The Town's investment in capital assets for both governmental and business-type activities totaled \$71,183,236 (before accumulated depreciation) at September 30, 2025. Net of accumulated depreciation of \$21,737,623, total capital assets were \$50,230,321 — an increase of \$3,376,981 over the prior year net balance of \$46,853,340:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Primary Government	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Land	\$ 1,878,598	\$ 1,878,598	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,878,598	\$ 1,878,598
Construction in progress	4,004,751	11,439,917	-	484,265	4,004,751	11,924,182
Buildings	10,136,676	798,396	-	-	10,136,676	798,396
Equipment and vehicles	2,114,843	1,875,593	1,442,660	173,687	3,557,503	2,049,280
Infrastructure	16,274,170	16,358,250	-	-	16,274,170	16,358,250
Improvements other than buildings	2,925,544	2,255,417	11,453,079	11,589,217	14,378,623	13,844,634
	<u>37,334,582</u>	<u>34,606,171</u>	<u>12,895,739</u>	<u>12,247,169</u>	<u>50,230,321</u>	<u>46,853,340</u>

Infrastructure is the largest category of capital assets, totaling \$43,039,321, reflecting the Town's significant investment in roads, drainage systems, and utilities over the years. Construction in progress of \$4,489,016 represents active capital projects underway at fiscal year end, including the Re-Imagined Tweddle Park, stormwater improvement projects, and Civic Center-related infrastructure. The Town recorded \$924,357 in depreciation expense on governmental capital assets and \$136,138 on stormwater capital assets during FY 2025.

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**Capital Assets and Debt Administration (Continued)**

During FY 2025, the Town invested \$4,280,199 in new governmental capital assets across general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, and parks and recreation functions. Additional information on capital assets is available in the notes to the financial statements.

**Debt:** At September 30, 2025, the Town's outstanding bonds and notes payables were as follows:

	October 1, 2024	Additions	Reductions	September 30, 2025	Due Within One Year
<b>Governmental activities:</b>					
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2016	\$ 9,675,000	\$ -	\$ (535,000)	\$ 9,140,000	\$ -
Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2019	3,555,556	-	(222,222)	3,333,334	-
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2022	7,000,000	-	-	7,000,000	-
Bond premium	560,573	-	(30,229)	530,344	30,229
<b>Total governmental activities</b>	<b>20,791,129</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(787,451)</b>	<b>20,003,678</b>	<b>30,229</b>
<b>Business-type activities:</b>					
Department of Environmental Protection, Revolving Loans	1,190,597	-	(205,070)	985,527	-
<b>Total business-type activities</b>	<b>1,190,597</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(205,070)</b>	<b>985,527</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total governmental and business-type activities</b>	<b>\$ 21,981,726</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ (992,521)</b>	<b>\$ 20,989,205</b>	<b>\$ 30,229</b>

The Town made scheduled principal payments of \$757,222 on governmental bonds during FY 2025, and the stormwater fund made principal payments of \$205,070 on its outstanding debt. No new long-term debt was issued during fiscal year 2025. Total debt outstanding at September 30, 2024 was approximately \$21.9 million for the primary government, which has been reduced through ongoing debt service payments.

In addition to bond debt, the Town carries long-term obligations related to pensions and OPEB. The net pension liability was \$4,958,926 and the OPEB liability was \$3,324,055 at September 30, 2025. These obligations are measured in accordance with GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 75, respectively, and are fully disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Town also holds builder bond deposits of \$1,435,910 and revegetation bond deposits of \$454,917, which are refundable security deposits held on behalf of developers.

**Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The Town of Golden Beach is a fully built-out, affluent coastal residential community. Its financial outlook is shaped by the following key factors:

- **Property values** — The Town's primary revenue source is ad valorem property taxes. Golden Beach's high-value waterfront residential properties provide a stable and strong tax base. Assessed values grew to approximately \$1.857 billion in the prior fiscal year, reflecting continued appreciation in the South Florida real estate market. During prosperous economic periods, property values generally increase, which correspondingly increases property tax revenue.

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

- State shared revenues — State-shared revenues, including telecommunication taxes and fuel taxes, account for an additional source of revenue. The Town monitors legislative developments that could affect the distribution of these revenues.
- Investment income — The Town's investment portfolio of approximately \$7.8 million benefits from the current interest rate environment, with investment income of \$613,232 recorded in FY 2025.
- Capital program — Active infrastructure investment, particularly through the CIP Fund, is expected to continue. The Wellness Center groundbreaking and completion of the Re-Imagined Tweddle Park are anticipated highlights of FY 2026. Management monitors project progress and fund balance levels to ensure adequate capital resources.
- Pension and OPEB — Long-term employee benefit obligations continue to be a key consideration in financial planning. The Town monitors actuarial valuations and annual required contribution levels to ensure appropriate funding.
- Stormwater utility — Operating revenues from the stormwater system do not currently cover full operating costs. Management will continue to evaluate rate structures and cost management strategies to improve the long-term sustainability of the enterprise fund.

The Town's FY 2026 adopted budget reflects a continued commitment to maintaining the highest level of service for residents while prudently managing expenditures and long-term debt obligations. The Town's organizational and structural enhancements position it well to meet the demands of tomorrow while preserving the quality of life that defines Golden Beach. A detailed budget-to-actual comparison can be found in the required supplementary information section of this report.

**Contacting the Town's Financial Management**

This entire report has been prepared by the Finance Department of the Town of Golden Beach, Florida with the assistance of the Town's external auditors. Every effort has been made to make this report understandable to the reader. Any questions or comments about this report are welcomed and may be directed to the Finance Director, Town of Golden Beach, 100 Ocean Blvd. Drive; Golden Beach, Florida 33160.

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**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business- Type Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b><u>ASSETS</u></b>			
Cash	\$ 916,596	\$ 479,809	\$ 1,396,405
Investments	7,608,834	147,782	7,756,616
Accounts receivable	131,624	118,467	250,091
Prepays	199,758	-	199,758
Other current assets	78,776	-	78,776
Internal balances	3,391,035	(3,391,035)	-
Capital assets not being depreciated:			
Land	1,878,598	-	1,878,598
Construction in progress	4,004,751	484,265	4,489,016
Capital assets being depreciated:			
Equipment and vehicles	6,149,295	179,739	6,329,034
Buildings	11,070,766	-	11,070,766
Infrastructure	26,146,387	16,892,934	43,039,321
Improvements other than buildings	4,376,501	-	4,376,501
Total capital assets	53,626,298	17,556,938	71,183,236
Less accumulated depreciation	(16,291,716)	(5,445,907)	(21,737,623)
Total capital assets - net	37,334,582	12,111,031	49,445,613
Total assets	49,661,205	9,466,054	59,127,259
<b><u>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u></b>			
Deferred charge on refunding	429,786	-	429,786
Deferred outflows relating to pensions	2,683,879	-	2,683,879
Deferred outflows relating to OPEB	1,174,689	-	1,174,689
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,288,354	-	4,288,354
<b><u>LIABILITIES</u></b>			
Accounts payable	1,379,064	20,440	1,399,504
Accrued expenses	613,121	2,731	615,852
Accrued interest payable	312,505	-	312,505
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year:			
Compensated absences payable	-	-	-
Bonds and notes payable	-	-	-
Bond premium	-	-	-
Due in more than one year:			
Builders bond deposit	1,435,910	-	1,435,910
Revegetation bond deposit	454,917	-	454,917
Compensated absences	733,466	-	733,466
Net pension liability	4,958,926	-	4,958,926
Bonds and notes payable	19,473,334	985,527	20,458,861
Bond premium	530,344	-	530,344
Other post-employment benefit liability	3,324,055	-	3,324,055
Total liabilities	33,215,642	1,008,698	34,224,340
<b><u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u></b>			
Deferred inflows relating to pensions	1,412,509	-	1,412,509
Deferred inflows relating to OPEB	2,122,951	-	2,122,951
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,535,460	-	3,535,460
<b><u>NET POSITION</u></b>			
Net investment in capital assets	24,455,443	11,125,504	35,580,947
Unrestricted	(7,256,986)	(2,668,148)	(9,925,134)
Total net position	\$ 17,198,457	\$ 8,457,356	\$ 25,655,813

See notes to basic financial statements

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
<b>Governmental activities:</b>							
General government	\$ 6,214,115	\$ 3,699,590	\$ 81,524	\$ -	\$ (2,433,001)	\$ -	\$ (2,433,001)
Public safety	6,729,866	445,262	-	-	(6,284,604)	-	(6,284,604)
Physical environment	1,819,613	-	-	-	(1,819,613)	-	(1,819,613)
Transportation	1,106,916	-	-	-	(1,106,916)	-	(1,106,916)
Cultural and recreation	1,065,664	19,182	-	-	(1,046,482)	-	(1,046,482)
Special events	665,902	-	-	-	(665,902)	-	(665,902)
Interest expense and other financing costs	812,825	-	-	-	(812,825)	-	(812,825)
<b>Total governmental activities</b>	<b>18,414,901</b>	<b>4,164,034</b>	<b>81,524</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(14,169,343)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(14,169,343)</b>
<b>Business-type activities:</b>							
Stormwater	1,184,876	527,280	-	-	-	(657,596)	(657,596)
<b>Total business-type activities</b>	<b>1,184,876</b>	<b>527,280</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(657,596)</b>	<b>(657,596)</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 19,599,777</b>	<b>\$ 4,691,314</b>	<b>\$ 81,524</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>(14,169,343)</b>	<b>(657,596)</b>	<b>(14,826,939)</b>
<b>General revenues:</b>							
Ad valorem taxes					15,223,166	-	15,223,166
Utility service taxes					35,433	190,141	225,574
Franchise fees					18,939	137,677	156,616
Sales, use, and fuel taxes					192,662	-	192,662
Other							
Miscellaneous					99,520	-	99,520
State shared revenues					49,634	6,692	56,326
Interest income (unrestricted)					613,232	-	613,232
<b>Total general revenues and transfers</b>					<b>16,232,586</b>	<b>334,510</b>	<b>16,567,096</b>
Change in net position					2,063,243	(323,086)	1,740,157
Net position - Beginning					15,135,214	8,780,442	23,915,656
Net position - Ending					<b>\$ 17,198,457</b>	<b>\$ 8,457,356</b>	<b>\$ 25,655,813</b>

See notes to basic financial statements

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**BALANCE SHEET**  
**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

	Major Funds				Total Governmental Funds
	General	CIP Fund	Law Enforcement Trust Fund	Debt Service Fund	
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash	\$ 799,710	\$ 77,994	\$ 38,892	\$ -	\$ 916,596
Investments	927,483	6,594,195	87,156	-	7,608,834
Accounts receivable	15,726	(3,701)	118,222	1,377	131,624
Prepays	176,809	-	22,949	-	199,758
Due from other funds	12,169,296	20,277	70,000	2,798,728	15,058,301
Other current assets	78,776	-	-	-	78,776
Total assets	<u>\$ 14,167,800</u>	<u>\$ 6,688,765</u>	<u>\$ 337,219</u>	<u>\$ 2,800,105</u>	<u>\$ 23,993,889</u>
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Accounts payable	\$ 303,589	\$ 822,390	\$ 253,085	\$ -	\$ 1,379,064
Other liabilities	613,121	-	-	-	613,121
Due to other funds	2,798,728	5,329,028	986,952	2,552,558	11,667,266
Bond deposits	1,890,827	-	-	-	1,890,827
Total liabilities	<u>5,606,265</u>	<u>6,151,418</u>	<u>1,240,037</u>	<u>2,552,558</u>	<u>15,550,278</u>
<u>FUND BALANCES</u>					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid expenditures	176,809	-	22,949	-	199,758
Long-term stormwater interfund receivable	2,578,238	-	-	-	2,578,238
Restricted:					
Building department	710,513	-	-	-	710,513
Debt service	-	-	-	163,359	163,359
Committed					
Pension reserves	460,000	-	-	-	460,000
Health insurance	235,000	-	-	-	235,000
Assigned:					
Capital projects funding	1,544,830	3,323,860	-	-	4,868,690
Unassigned	2,856,145	(2,786,513)	(925,767)	84,188	(771,947)
Total fund balances	<u>8,561,535</u>	<u>537,347</u>	<u>(902,818)</u>	<u>247,547</u>	<u>8,443,611</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	<u>\$ 14,167,800</u>	<u>\$ 6,688,765</u>	<u>\$ 337,219</u>	<u>\$ 2,800,105</u>	<u>\$ 23,993,889</u>

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

Fund balances - total government funds (Page 13) \$ 8,443,611

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different as a result of:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

Governmental capital assets	53,626,298	
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(16,291,716)</u>	37,334,582

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

Deferred charge on refunding	429,786	
Deferred outflows relating to pensions	2,683,879	
Deferred outflows relating to OPEB	1,174,689	
Deferred inflows relating to pensions	(1,412,509)	
Deferred inflows relating to OPEB	(2,122,951)	
Accrued interest	(312,505)	
Compensated absences	(733,466)	
Net pension liability	(4,958,926)	
Debt	(19,473,334)	
Bond premium	(530,344)	
OPEB liability	<u>(3,324,055)</u>	(28,579,736)

Net position of governmental activities (Page 11) \$ 17,198,457

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES**  
**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

	Major Funds				Total Governmental Funds
	General Fund	CIP Fund	Law Enforcement Trust Fund	Debt Service Fund	
<b>REVENUES:</b>					
Property taxes	\$ 13,883,303	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,339,863	\$ 15,223,166
Franchise fees	18,939	-	-	-	18,939
Utility taxes	35,433	-	-	-	35,433
Licenses and permits	3,365,373	-	-	-	3,365,373
Sales, use, and fuel taxes	192,662	-	-	-	192,662
Grant proceeds	81,524	-	-	-	81,524
State shared revenues	49,634	-	-	-	49,634
Cultural and recreation	19,182	-	-	-	19,182
Fines and forfeitures	286,754	-	158,508	-	445,262
Investment income	244,146	354,326	14,760	-	613,232
Special assessment	334,217	-	-	-	334,217
Miscellaneous	99,520	-	-	-	99,520
Total revenues	<u>18,610,687</u>	<u>354,326</u>	<u>173,268</u>	<u>1,339,863</u>	<u>20,478,144</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES:</b>					
Current:					
General government	4,901,113	19,264	-	-	4,920,377
Public safety	6,372,091	-	46,071	-	6,418,162
Physical environment	1,721,091	-	-	-	1,721,091
Transportation	1,101,193	-	-	-	1,101,193
Parks and recreation	1,032,445	-	-	-	1,032,445
Special events	664,406	-	-	-	664,406
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	222,222	-	535,000	757,222
Interest	-	102,843	-	720,675	823,518
Capital outlay:					
General government	31,978	3,396,510	-	-	3,428,488
Public safety	383,627	-	377,612	-	761,239
Physical environment	61,299	-	-	-	61,299
Transportation	5,723	-	-	-	5,723
Parks and recreation	23,450	-	-	-	23,450
Special events	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>16,298,416</u>	<u>3,740,839</u>	<u>423,683</u>	<u>1,255,675</u>	<u>21,718,613</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>2,312,271</u>	<u>(3,386,513)</u>	<u>(250,415)</u>	<u>84,188</u>	<u>(1,240,469)</u>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):</b>					
Issuance of bonds	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	60,000	600,000	-	-	660,000
Transfers out	-	-	(660,000)	-	(660,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>60,000</u>	<u>600,000</u>	<u>(660,000)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	2,372,271	(2,786,513)	(910,415)	84,188	(1,240,469)
Fund balances, beginning	6,189,264	3,323,860	7,597	163,359	9,684,080
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 8,561,535</u>	<u>\$ 537,347</u>	<u>\$ (902,818)</u>	<u>\$ 247,547</u>	<u>\$ 8,443,611</u>

See notes to basic financial statements

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES**  
**IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different as a result of:

Net change in fund balances - total government funds (Page 15) \$ (1,240,469)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

Expenditures for capital outlays	4,280,199	
Capital outlay which did not meet the threshold for capitalization	(627,431)	
Less current year depreciation	<u>(924,357)</u>	2,728,411

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provided current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.

Principal payments on debt	757,222	
Amortization of bond premium	<u>30,229</u>	787,451

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Change in deferred charge on refunding	(19,536)	
Change in net pension liability	(684,188)	
Change in compensated absences payable	43,867	
Change in OPEB obligation	108,302	
Change in deferred outflows related to pensions	(331,713)	
Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB	(242,349)	
Change in deferred inflows related to pensions	770,008	
Change in deferred inflows related to OPEB	<u>143,459</u>	(212,150)

Change in net position of governmental activities (Page 12) \$ 2,063,243

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**  
**PROPRIETARY FUND**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

	<u>Stormwater</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 479,809
Investments	147,782
Accounts receivable	118,467
Due from other funds	-
Total current assets	<u>746,058</u>
Non-current assets:	
Capital assets, net	<u>12,111,031</u>
Total non-current assets	<u>12,111,031</u>
Total assets	<u>12,857,089</u>
<u>LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION</u>	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	20,440
Accrued interest payable	2,731
Due to other funds	3,391,035
Long-term debt, current portion	-
Total current liabilities	<u>3,414,206</u>
Non-current liabilities:	
Long-term debt, noncurrent portion	<u>985,527</u>
Total non-current liabilities	<u>985,527</u>
Total liabilities	<u>4,399,733</u>
Net position:	
Net investment in capital assets	11,125,504
Unrestricted	<u>(2,668,148)</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 8,457,356</u>

See notes to basic financial statements

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION**  
**PROPRIETARY FUND**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

	<u>Stormwater</u>
Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 527,280
Tax revenue	190,141
Franchise fees	<u>137,677</u>
Total revenues	<u>855,098</u>
Operating expenses:	
Repairs and maintenance	17,597
Depreciation expense	136,138
General expenses	997,468
Professional services	<u>27,950</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>1,179,153</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>(324,055)</u>
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Interest income	6,692
Interest expense	<u>(5,723)</u>
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	<u>969</u>
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	(323,086)
Grants and contributions	<u>-</u>
Change in net position	(323,086)
Net position - Beginning	<u>8,780,442</u>
Net position - Ending	<u>\$ 8,457,356</u>

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**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**  
**PROPRIETARY FUND**  
**FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

	<u>Stormwater</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 931,874
Cash paid for goods and services	(1,183,790)
Cash paid for interfund services used	<u>-</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>(251,916)</u>
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:	
Change in due to/from balances	893,518
Grants received	<u>-</u>
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	<u>893,518</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Interest payments	(5,723)
Principal payments	<u>(205,070)</u>
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	<u>(210,793)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Purchase of property and equipment	-
Investment income received	6,692
Increase (decrease) in investments	<u>(6,603)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>89</u>
Net Increase (decrease) in cash	430,898
Cash - beginning	<u>48,911</u>
Cash - ending	<u>\$ 479,809</u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$ (324,055)</u>
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	
Depreciation	136,138
Change in operating assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivables	(59,362)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	<u>(4,637)</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ (251,916)</u>

See notes to basic financial statements

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION**  
**RETIREMENT PLAN FOR EMPLOYEES OF THE TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 1,221,264
Receivables:		
Interest and dividends	43,510	
Employee contribution	-	
Receivable for securities sold	5,739	
Total receivables	<u>49,249</u>	
Investments, at fair value:		
Common stock	10,257,303	
Government securities	2,793,122	
Alternative investments	8,996	
Corporate bonds	2,045,969	
Mutual funds	1,968,724	
Real estate holdings	1,117,086	
Total investments, at fair value	<u>18,191,200</u>	
Prepaid expenses		<u>59,708</u>
Total assets		<u>19,521,421</u>
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Accounts payable		11,912
Prepaid town contributions		38,606
Due to broker		6,150
Total liabilities		<u>56,668</u>
Net position restricted for pensions		<u>\$ 19,464,753</u>

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**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION**  
**RETIREMENT PLAN FOR EMPLOYEES OF THE TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

<u>ADDITIONS</u>		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	1,279,760
Employee		221,186
State		<u>32,353</u>
Total contributions		<u>1,533,299</u>
Investment income:		
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		943,870
Interest and dividends		444,808
Other income		<u>-</u>
Total investment income		<u>1,388,678</u>
Total additions		<u>2,921,977</u>
 <u>DEDUCTIONS</u>		
Benefits paid		693,396
Refunds of contributions		3,471
Consulting expenses		108,470
Administrative expenses		76,456
Office expenses		8,628
Custodian fees		<u>16,128</u>
Total deductions		<u>906,549</u>
Net increase		<u>2,015,428</u>
Net position restricted for pensions		
Beginning of year		<u>17,449,325</u>
End of year	\$	<u>19,464,753</u>

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS**

The Town of Golden Beach, Florida (the "Town") was incorporated in 1929 under the provisions of the State Of Florida. The Town operates under a council/manager form of government. The Town provides or contracts for the following services as authorized by its Charter and Town ordinances: public safety (police and fire), streets, sanitation, stormwater utility, social services, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning and general administrative services.

**NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The summary of the Town significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report. The policies are considered essential and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

The financial statements of the Town have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") pronouncements. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies of the Town:

**A. Financial Reporting Entity**

The financial reporting entity consists of the Town, organizations for which the Town is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Town are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Town is financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Town. Based upon the application of these criteria, there were no component units or related organizations of the Town

**B. Government Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those expenses that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The accounts of the Town are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered and accounted for as a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows, fund balance/net position, revenues and expenditures. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund - is the principal operating fund of the Town. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to another fund are accounted for in this fund.

The Capital Improvement Project Fund - is used to account for financial resources segregated for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by enterprise operations.

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**B. Government Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

The Law Enforcement Trust Fund - is a special revenue fund used to keep track of proceeds related to specific sources. The Fund requires separate accounting due to legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action.

The Debt Service Fund - is used to account for the payment of principal, interest and other expenditures on long-term debt.

The Town reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Stormwater Utility Fund - accounts for the operation of the Town's stormwater drainage system.

**C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation**

*Government-wide financial statements*

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses/expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with a brief explanation to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the fund financial statements.

The proprietary fund financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

*Fund financial statements*

All governmental fund types use the modified accrual basis of accounting under which revenue is recognized in the accounting period in which it becomes susceptible to accrual (i.e., when it becomes both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction which can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The Town considers revenues as available if they are collected within sixty days after year end. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) fines and forfeitures, 3) operating grants and contributions, and 4) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary fund are from charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the costs of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation expense on capital assets. All revenues and expenses that do not meet this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues or expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)**

Budgets:

The Town is required to develop an approved annual budget. Annual budgets are adopted for most governmental funds.

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to July 1, the Town Manager submits to the Town Council, the budget estimates of expenditures and revenues of all Town departments for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- b. Upon receipt of the annual budget estimates, the Town Council prepares an appropriation ordinance using the Town Manager's estimates as a basis.
- c. Public hearings are conducted at the Town Hall to obtain taxpayers' comments.
- d. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- e. The Town may not legally expend or contract to expend amounts in excess of the total amount of appropriate expenditures of any of the funds for the year. The Town Manager can transfer funds among departmental expenditure categories but may not increase total departmental expenditures without Council approval. Therefore, the legal level of control is at the departmental level.
- f. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Improvement Project Fund and the Debt Service Fund. Budget appropriations lapse at year end.
- g. The budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Improvement Project and the Debt Service Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- h. Budgeted amounts presented for fiscal year 2025 include amendments to the budget originally adopted by the Town Council.

During the year, departmental expenditures exceeded the legally authorized budget as follows:

General Fund

Legislative	\$	42,649
Executive		105,405
Town legal counsel		40,011
Finance		2,629
Law enforcement		425,522
Physical environment		267,395
Transportation		174,827
Special events		54,251

Law Enforcement Fund

Capital outlay: Public safety	\$	377,612
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**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)**

**Cash and cash equivalents:** In connection with the statement of cash flows, the Town considers cash on hand, demand deposits and bank repurchase agreements as cash and cash equivalents.

**Investments:** Investments are stated at their fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Certain investments are stated at amortized cost if they have a remaining maturity of one year or less when purchased.

**Accounts receivable:** The accounts receivable consists of amounts owed for property taxes, other miscellaneous taxes, fines, stormwater utility fees and other fees.

**Capital assets:** Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, infrastructure, equipment and vehicles, and construction in progress are reported in the governmental activities' column in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$ 1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Depreciation on all capital assets is charged to operations using the straight-line method over the assets' estimated service lives, ranging from 5-50 years.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

GASB 34 encourages but does not require certain governments to retroactively report infrastructure assets. The Town has elected not to retroactively report any unrecorded infrastructure that may exist.

Improvements other than buildings of the Proprietary Fund are stated at cost or, if donated, at fair value at the date of donation. Costs, which materially extend the useful life of existing assets, are capitalized. Depreciation has been provided over an estimated useful life of 40 years using the straight-line method.

The cost of property sold or retired, together with the related accumulated depreciation, is removed from the appropriate accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in income.

**Deferred outflows/inflows of resources:** In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the deferred outflows relating to pension plans and other post-employment benefits, discussed in further detail in Note 7 and Note 8.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the deferred inflows relating to pension plans and other post-employment benefits, discussed in further detail in Notes 7 and 8.

**Compensated absences:** Full-time employees of the Town are entitled to be paid for twelve days of sick leave in each calendar year after six months of employment. Unused hours can be carried over to the following year, subject to limitations established by Town ordinance. In the event of termination, each qualifying employee is entitled to receive payment equal to 50% of the value of total accumulated unused sick days.

Each full-time employee is entitled to between ten and twenty days annual paid vacation leave. Unused hours can be carried over to the following year, subject to limitations established by Town ordinance. In the event of termination, each qualifying employee is entitled to receive payment equal to 100% of the value of the total accumulated unused vacation days.

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)**

Accumulated compensated absences are recorded as expenses in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements when earned. Expenditures for accumulated compensated absences have been recorded in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

**Equity classifications:**

**Government-wide statements**

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or 2) laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position - All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets net of related debt."

**Fund statements**

The Town previously adopted GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This statement requires that governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable  
This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. "Not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) and items such as long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale. The corpus (or principal) of a permanent fund is an example of an amount that is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. In fiscal year 2025, this category represents \$X.
- Restricted  
This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. In fiscal year 2025, this category represents \$X.
- Committed  
This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Town Council. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. Resources accumulated pursuant to stabilization arrangements sometimes are reported in this category. In fiscal year 2025, this category represents \$X.

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)**

- Assigned  
This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Council or through the Council delegating this responsibility to Town management. In fiscal year 2025, this category represents \$X.
- Unassigned  
This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those specific purposes. In fiscal year 2025, this category represents \$X.

The Town considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the Town would first use committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

**Property taxes:** Real and personal property values are assessed on a county-wide basis by the Miami-Dade County Property Appraiser as of January 1 of each year (the lien date). Taxable value of property within the Town is certified by the Property Appraiser and the Town levies a tax upon the taxable value, which will provide revenue required for the next fiscal year beginning October 1.

Property taxes levied by the Town and all other taxing authorities within Miami-Dade County (the "County") are centrally billed and collected by the County, with monthly remittances to the Town for their proportionate share of collected taxes. Taxes for the fiscal year beginning October 1 are billed in the month of November, subject to a 1% per month discount for the period November through February and are due no later than March 31. On April 1, unpaid amounts become delinquent with interest and penalties thereafter. Beginning June 1, tax certificates representing delinquent taxes with interest and penalties added are sold by the County, with remittance to the Town for its share of those receipts.

Assessed values are established by the Miami-Dade County Property Appraiser at just values. The assessed value of property at January 1, 2024, upon which the 2024-2025 levy was based, was approximately \$1,631,641,000. The Miami-Dade County Tax Collector bills and collects all property taxes for the Town.

The Town is permitted by Article 7, Section 8 of the Florida Constitution to levy taxes up to \$10 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation (10 mills) for general governmental services. In addition, unlimited amounts may be levied for the payment of principal and interest for debt service if approved by the voters. The operating tax rate to finance general government services for the year ended September 30, 2025 was \$7.6015 per \$1,000 and \$0.7985 per \$1,000 for bond debt service.

The Town accrues property tax receivables based on the County's allocation of the Town's portion of County-held certificates for prior years.

**Retirement systems:** The Town sponsors and administers a retirement system covering substantially all full-time general employees and police officers. Annual costs of the pension plan are actuarially computed and the Town funds annual pension costs as incurred. Investments are stated at their fair value.

**Internal balances:** Amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the government-wide governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)**

**Use of estimates:** The presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

**NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

**Governmental and Proprietary Funds**

**Deposits**

As required by Chapter 280.03, Florida Statutes, all deposits of the Town during the year ended September 30, 2025, including time deposit accounts, demand deposit accounts and money market accounts, were held in institutions designated by the Treasurer of the State of Florida as “qualified public depositories” and were accordingly covered by a collateral pool as required by that Statute. Therefore, in accordance with GASB Codification 150.110, the deposits are treated as insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or its agent in the entity’s name. As of September 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the Town’s deposits was \$1,396,405 with a bank balance of \$X.

**Investments – Town**

Florida Statutes and Town Ordinances authorize Town officials to invest pooled funds in United States bonds and obligations, guaranteed United States agency issues, Florida county, municipal and district general, excise and revenue obligations, Florida bank certificates of deposit, bankers acceptances, reverse repurchase agreements and prime commercial paper issues. Investments in the proprietary fund are allowed to be comprised of United States Treasury state and local government series securities. In addition, the Fiduciary Fund is authorized to invest in corporate and government bonds, stocks, mutual funds, money market funds, mortgages, and notes.

The Town’s governmental and proprietary portfolios were placed in an external investment pool, the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (“Florida PRIME”). Florida PRIME is administered by the Florida State Board of Administration (“SBA”), who provides regulatory oversight.

The Florida PRIME has adopted operating procedures consistent with the requirement for a 2a7-like fund. The Town’s investment in the Florida PRIME is reported at amortized cost. The fair value of the position in the pool is equal to the value of the pool shares.

Total governmental and proprietary investments at September 30, 2025, were as follows:

	Fair Value	Investment Maturities (in years)
		Less than 1
Certificates of deposit	\$ 7,650,379	\$ 7,251,186
Florida PRIME	1,042,156	1,042,156
	<b>\$ 8,692,535</b>	<b>\$ 8,293,342</b>

**Interest rate risk** - The Town’s investment policy is designed to minimize the risk that change in the market value of securities in the portfolio caused by changes in general interest rates will result in any losses by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and by investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market funds, or similar investment pools.

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)**

The dollar weighted average days to maturity (WAM) of Florida PRIME at September 30, 2025, is **X** days. Next interest rate reset dates for floating rate securities are used in the calculation of the WAM. The weighted average like (WAL) of Florida PRIME at September 30, 2025, is **X** days.

The certificates of deposit all mature within the next fiscal year.

Credit risk - State law limits investments in bonds, stocks or other evidences of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by a corporation organized under the laws of the United States, any state or organized territory of the United States, or the District of Columbia, unless the corporation is listed on any one or more of the recognized national stock exchanges or on the National Market System of the NASDAQ Stock Market and in the case of bonds only, hold a rating in one of the three highest classifications by a major rating service. The Florida PRIME is rated AAAM by Standard and Poor's.

The certificates of deposit were issued by what management believes to be a high quality financial institution.

Fair value hierarchy - The certificates of deposit are classified as Level 2 investments, as defined below.

**Fiduciary Funds**

The Retirement Plan for the Employees of the Town of Golden Beach (the "Plan") maintains an agreement whereby the investment securities are held in the Plan's name by a financial institution acting as the Plan's custodian. The custodian also assists Plan management in securing one or more investment managers to invest in securities at the manager's discretion.

**Investments – Pension Plan**

The table below summarizes the Plan's investment balances and scheduled maturities (in years):

Investment Type	Fair Value	Investment Maturities (in years)		
		Less than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10
Corporate bonds	\$1,615,360	\$ 90,539	\$1,273,693	\$ 251,128
U.S. Government Securities	2,512,285	397,530	1,488,279	626,476
	\$4,127,645	\$ 488,069	\$2,761,972	\$ 877,604

Interest rate risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Plan does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Plan does, however, limit its exposure to interest rate risk by diversifying its investments by security type and institution, and limits holdings in any one type of investment with any one issuer with various durations of maturities.

Credit risk - Credit risk is the risk that a security or portfolio will lose some or all of its value due to a real or perceived change in the ability of the issuer to repay its debt. This risk is generally measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. As of September 30, 2025, the Plan's corporate bonds were rated between AA and BBB+ by Standard & Poor's. The Plan has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of credit risk - GASB Statement No. 40 requires disclosure when the percent is 5% or more in any one issuer. As of September 30, 2025, investments held in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total investments are as follows:

Custodial credit risk - This is the risk that, upon failure of a counterparty or collateral securities held by the Plan, it would not be able to recover the value thereof. The Plan assets are held by their custodial bank and registered in the Plan's name.

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)**

Fair value hierarchy - GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, establishes a hierarchy disclosure framework which prioritizes and ranks the level of market price observability used in measuring investment at fair value. Various inputs are used in determining the fair value of investments. These inputs are categorized into a fair value hierarchy consisting of three broad levels for financial statement purposes as follows:

- Level 1 - inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical investments that the Plan has the ability to access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 - inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included with Level 1 that are observable for the investments, either directly or indirectly. (e.g., quoted prices in active markets for similar securities, securities valuations based on commonly quoted benchmarks, interest rates and yield curves, and/or securities indices).
- Level 3 - inputs are unobservable inputs for the investments. (e.g., information about assumptions, including risk, market participants would use in pricing a security).

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk.

The Town categorizes its fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Investments are recorded at fair value, and primarily uses the market approach to valuing each security. Security pricing is provided by a third-party, and is reported daily to the Plan of the Town by its custodians.

**Investments – Pension Plan (Continued)**

Fair values of investments held by the Town's Fiduciary Investment Funds are classified at September 30, 2025 as follows:

	Fair Value Measurements Using			
	9/30/2024	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments by fair value level:				
Debt securities:				
U.S. government obligations	\$ 2,512,285	\$ -	\$ 2,512,285	\$ -
Corporate bonds	1,615,360	-	1,615,360	-
Total debt securities	<u>4,127,645</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,127,645</u>	<u>-</u>
Equity securities:				
Common stock	10,284,514	10,284,514	-	-
Alternate investments	43,900	-	-	43,900
Mutual fund equities	860,099	860,099	-	-
Total equity securities	<u>11,188,513</u>	<u>11,144,613</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>43,900</u>
Total investments at fair value	<u>15,316,158</u>			
Investment Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV)*				
Core real estate fund	<u>1,081,297</u>			
Total investments	<u>\$ 16,397,455</u>			

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)**

The Plans valuation methods for investments measured at the net asset value ("NAV") per share (or its equivalent) as of September 30, 2025, are as follows:

Investments Measured at the NAV				
	Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
Real Estate Fund	\$ 1,081,297	\$ -	Quarterly	10 business days
Total investments measured at the NAV	\$ 1,081,297	\$ -		

The real estate fund invests primarily in core institutional-quality office, retail, industrial, and multi-family properties in the United States. The fair value of the investment in the fund is valued at the net asset value of units held at the end of the period based upon the fair value of the underlying investments.

Given the inherent nature of the investments, it is reasonably possible that changes in the value of those investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

**NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity of governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2025 was as follows:

	Balance October 1, 2024	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance September 30, 2025
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 1,878,598	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,878,598
Construction in progress	11,439,917	2,926,188	-	(10,361,354)	4,004,751
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>13,318,515</u>	<u>2,926,188</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(10,361,354)</u>	<u>5,883,349</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Equipment and vehicles	5,823,750	821,538	(512,593)	16,600	6,149,295
Buildings	1,554,979	-	(102,884)	9,618,671	11,070,766
Infrastructure	26,146,387	-	-	-	26,146,387
Improvements other than buildings	3,705,081	-	(54,663)	726,083	4,376,501
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>37,230,197</u>	<u>821,538</u>	<u>(670,140)</u>	<u>10,361,354</u>	<u>47,742,949</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Equipment and vehicles	(3,948,157)	(553,421)	467,126	-	(4,034,452)
Buildings	(756,583)	(237,180)	59,673	-	(934,090)
Infrastructure	(9,788,137)	(84,080)	-	-	(9,872,217)
Improvements other than buildings	(1,449,664)	(49,676)	48,383	-	(1,450,957)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(15,942,541)</u>	<u>(924,357)</u>	<u>575,182</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(16,291,716)</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>21,287,656</u>	<u>(102,819)</u>	<u>(94,958)</u>	<u>10,361,354</u>	<u>31,451,233</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 34,606,171</u>	<u>\$ 2,823,369</u>	<u>\$ (94,958)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 37,334,582</u>

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)**

	Balance October 1, 2024	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance September 30, 2025
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Construction in progress	\$ 484,265	\$ 784,708	\$ -	\$ (1,268,973)	\$ -
Total capital assets not being depreciated	484,265	784,708	-	(1,268,973)	-
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Equipment and vehicles	179,739	-	-	1,268,973	1,448,712
Improvements other than buildings	16,892,934	-	-	-	16,892,934
Total capital assets being depreciated	17,072,673	-	-	1,268,973	18,341,646
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Equipment and vehicles	(6,052)	-	-	-	(6,052)
Improvements other than buildings	(5,303,717)	(136,138)	-	-	(5,439,855)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,309,769)	(136,138)	-	-	(5,445,907)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	11,762,904	(136,138)	-	1,268,973	12,895,739
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$12,247,169	\$ 648,570	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,895,739

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 496,623
Public safety	293,157
Physical environment	84,080
Cultural and recreation	49,676
Special events	821
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	<u>\$ 924,357</u>
Business-type activities:	
Stormwater drainage	<u>\$ 136,138</u>

Commitments: The Town has entered into various agreements related to construction projects. Outstanding commitments at September 30, 2025 amounted to approximately \$1,300,000.

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT**

**Governmental Activities**

The following is a summary of changes in the long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2025:

	Beginning	Additions	Reductions	Ending	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2016	\$ 9,675,000	\$ -	\$ (535,000)	\$ 9,140,000	\$ 560,000
Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2019	3,555,556	-	(222,222)	3,333,334	222,222
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2022	7,000,000	-	-	7,000,000	-
Bond premium	560,573	-	(30,229)	530,344	30,229
Compensated absences	777,333	-	(43,867)	733,466	-
<b>Total governmental activities</b>	<b>\$21,568,462</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ (831,318)</b>	<b>\$20,737,144</b>	<b>\$ 812,451</b>

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 - Previously, the Town issued \$ 12,390,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016, maturing January 1, 2038, with interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%. The Bonds refunded the Town's then outstanding Special Assessment General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008. Interest is payable semi-annually on the first day of each January and July. The Bonds are secured by the pledge of revenues derived from the collection of non-ad valorem special assessments. At September 30, 2025, the total outstanding balance is \$9,140,000.

The Town is required by the Bond Indenture to levy and collect special assessments pursuant to Florida Statutes, Section 190.022. The collection of these assessments are restricted and applied to the debt service requirements of the Bond issue. Further, the Town covenants to levy special assessments in annual amounts adequate to provide for the payment of principal and interest on the Bonds as it becomes due.

The annual debt service requirements for the General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 is as follows:

September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	\$ 560,000	\$ 339,681	\$ 899,681
2027	585,000	311,056	896,056
2028	610,000	287,281	897,281
2029	625,000	268,366	893,366
2030	650,000	247,631	897,631
2031-2035	3,600,000	862,544	4,462,544
2036-2038	2,510,000	153,200	2,663,200
<b>Totals</b>	<b>\$ 9,140,000</b>	<b>\$ 2,469,759</b>	<b>\$ 11,609,759</b>

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)**

**Governmental Activities (Continued)**

In the event the Town fails to pay principal and interest when due on the loan or any other loan or obligation for the repayment of money; declare bankruptcy or insolvency; fails to correct any covenants, conditions or arrangements of this note and such default continues for 30 days after written notice requiring to be remedied; the holder of the note may proceed to protect and enforce its rights as allowed by law.

Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2019 - In fiscal year 2020, the Town issued a Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2019 in the amount of up to \$4,000,000 for the purpose of financing the costs of construction, installation and furnishing of a new civic center complex masterplan. The Note shall mature on December 1, 2039 and the first draw shall be made on the date of delivery in the amount of \$250,000. The principal of the Note shall be subject to mandatory prepayment in annual installments on each December 1, commencing on December 1, 2022, the date of the final draw. The Note shall bear interest initially at a fixed rate for the first 10 years calculated based on the amount drawn from time to time, and outstanding principal balance from the date of such draw at a rate of 2.94%, payable semiannually beginning June 1, 2020 through December 1, 2029. Thereafter the Note will bear interest at a floating rate equal to the 10 years U.S. Treasury Rate plus 2%. The Note is secured exclusively by legally available non-ad valorem revenue of the Town. At September 30, 2025, the total outstanding balance is \$ 3,333,334.

The indenture contains a provision that in each fiscal year in which the Note is outstanding hereunder, Legally Available Non-Ad Valorem Revenues shall be at least 125% of the maximum annual debt service on the Note, assuming the Note has been drawn for the full amount of \$ 4,000,000.

The annual debt service requirements for the Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2019 is as follows:

September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	\$ 222,222	\$ 102,300	\$ 324,522
2027	222,222	95,700	317,922
2028	222,222	89,100	311,322
2029	222,222	82,500	304,722
2030	1,111,110	313,500	1,424,610
2031-2035	1,111,110	148,500	1,259,610
2036-2040	-	-	-
2041-2043	444,448	13,200	457,648
Totals	\$ 3,555,556	\$ 844,800	\$ 4,400,356

In the event the Town fails to pay principal and interest within ten days of when due, the Town shall pay a late charge of 5% of the late payment. In addition, during the period in which an event of default shall have occurred or be continuing hereunder, the Note shall bear interest at a rate of 3% in excess of the interest rate immediately prior to the occurrence of such Event of Default.

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2022 – During the year, the Town closed on a \$7,000,000 bond voted on by the residents and approved by the Town Council for the purpose of financing a Town Wellness Center and improvements to Town parks. The bond will mature in 2052 with principal payments beginning in 2039. The bond is secured by a lien on ad valorem taxes levied by the Town. Interest is payable semi-annually at rates ranging from 4.25% to 5.25%.

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)**

**Governmental Activities (Continued)**

The annual debt service requirements for the General Obligation Bond, Series 2022 is as follows:

September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	\$ -	\$ 353,619	\$ 353,619
2027	-	353,619	353,619
2028	-	353,619	353,619
2029	-	353,619	353,619
2030	-	353,619	353,619
2031-2035	-	1,768,094	1,768,094
2036-2040	735,000	1,752,794	2,487,794
2041-2045	2,160,000	1,418,656	3,578,656
2046-2050	2,780,000	800,888	3,580,888
2051-2052	1,325,000	105,263	1,430,263
<b>Totals</b>	<b>\$ 7,000,000</b>	<b>\$7,613,790</b>	<b>\$ 14,613,790</b>

**Business-type activities**

The following is a summary of changes in the long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2025:

	Beginning	Additions	Reductions	Ending	Due Within One Year
Business-type activities:					
Department of Environmental Protection, Revolving Loans	\$ 1,190,597	\$ -	\$ (205,070)	\$ 985,527	\$ 208,054
<b>Total business-type activities</b>	<b>\$ 1,190,597</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ (205,070)</b>	<b>\$ 985,527</b>	<b>\$ 208,054</b>

Department of Environmental Protection, Revolving Loan - The Town previously entered into a revolving loan agreement with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection. This loan is payable in semiannual installments of \$ 81,578, including interest at 1.81%, on June 15 and on December 15, until June 2026, when all remaining principal and interest is due. Loan payments are collateralized by electric franchise fees. At September 30, 2025, the total outstanding balance is \$159,709.

Additionally, in July 2020, the Town entered into a revolving loan agreement with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection to borrow \$ 951,414 for the construction of the Town's stormwater facilities, specifically a center island drainage system. The loan will be secured by the net revenues of the Town's Stormwater Utility Fees based upon authorization of the Town Council. This loan is payable in semiannual installments of \$24,416, including interest at .06%, on April 15 and on October 15, through October 2042. At September 30, 2025, the total outstanding balance is \$825,818.

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)**

**Business-type activities (Continued)**

The annual debt service requirements for the revolving loans are as follows:

September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	\$ 208,054	\$ 2,495	\$ 210,549
2027	48,374	230	48,604
2028	48,403	215	48,618
2029	48,432	201	48,633
2030	48,461	186	48,647
2031-2035	242,741	712	243,453
2036-2040	243,470	347	243,817
2041-2042	97,592	37	97,629
<b>Totals</b>	<b>\$ 985,527</b>	<b>\$ 4,423</b>	<b>\$ 989,950</b>

The State Revolving Fund Loan arrangements discussed above include other financial provisions for events of defaults such as failure to make monthly deposits and semiannual loan payments, violation of covenants or actions required by the arrangement with such failure continuing for a period of sixty days after written notice, insolvency-bankruptcy, and false representations.

Non-payment may result in acceleration of the repayment schedule or increasing the financing rate on the unpaid principal balance to as much as 1.667 times the financing rate. The lender may also seek enforcement of and exercise all remedies available and allowed by law.

**NOTE 6 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS**

Receivables at September 30, 2025 were as follows:

	Taxes receivable	Inter-governmental	Customer accounts	Other	Total
<b>Governmental activities</b>					
General Fund	\$ 15,726	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,726
Capital improvement project fund	-	-	-	(3,701)	(3,701)
Debt service fund	1,377	-	-	-	1,377
Law enforcement fund	-	118,222	-	-	118,222
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 17,103</u>	<u>\$ 118,222</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (3,701)</u>	<u>\$ 131,624</u>

	Taxes receivable	Inter-governmental	Customer accounts	Allowance for uncollectible	Total
<b>Business-type activities:</b>					
Stormwater utility fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 160,220	\$ (41,753)	\$ 118,467
Total business-type activities	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 160,220</u>	<u>\$ (41,753)</u>	<u>\$ 118,467</u>

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 6 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)**

Accounts payables at September 30, 2025 were as follows:

	Vendors	Subcontractors	Total
Governmental activities			
General Fund	\$ 303,589	\$ -	\$ 303,589.00
Capital improvement project fund	-	822,390	822,390
Law enforcement fund	253,085	-	253,085
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 556,674</u>	<u>\$ 822,390</u>	<u>\$ 1,379,064</u>
Business-type activities:			
Stormwater utility fund	20,440	-	20,440
Total business-type activities	<u>\$ 20,440</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 20,440</u>

Interfund receivables and payables as of September 30, 2025 were as follows:

Due from	Due to					Total
	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	CIP Fund	Law Enforcement Fund	Stormwater Fund	
General fund	\$ -	\$2,798,728	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,798,728
Debt service fund	2,552,558	-	-	-	-	2,552,558
CIP fund	5,259,028	-	-	70,000	-	5,329,028
Law enforcement fund	986,952	-	-	-	-	986,952
Stormwater fund	3,370,758	-	20,277	-	-	3,391,035
Total	<u>\$12,169,296</u>	<u>\$2,798,728</u>	<u>\$ 20,277</u>	<u>\$ 70,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 15,058,301</u>

Interfund balances are typically due to project deficit funding that will be supplied by the general fund at or near the end of project.

Transfers to and from individual funds were as follows:

	General Fund	CIP Fund	Law Enforcement Fund	Total
Transfers in	\$ 60,000	\$ 600,000	\$ -	\$ 660,000
Transfers out	-	-	(660,000)	(660,000)
Total	<u>\$ 60,000</u>	<u>\$ 600,000</u>	<u>\$ (660,000)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

During the year ended September 30, 2025, the Capital Improvement Fund received \$600,000 from the Law Enforcement Trust Fund to provide funding for construction of the Town Civic Center.

Additionally, the General Fund received \$60,000 from the Law Enforcement Trust Fund. These transfers were in accordance with budgeted amounts.

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 7 – RETIREMENT PLANS**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

**Basis of Accounting**

The Retirement Plan for Employees of the Town of Golden Beach (the "Plan") and the Town of Golden Beach Police Officers Retirement Fund (the "Fund") are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which the contributions are due. Town contributions are recognized when due pursuant to actuarial valuations. State contributions are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are approved by the State of Florida. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plans.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan.

General Information about the Plan and the Fund - The Plan and the Fund are both single employer defined benefit plans. The Fund is not required to be included as a fiduciary fund and, thus, is not included in the Town's basic financial statements.

All full-time employees (excluding elected officials, persons appointed to fulfill elected positions, and retained professionals and consultants for the Town) and police officers become participants in the Plan on their start of service. The Plan provides retirement, death, and disability benefits. The Plan does not currently provide for post-retirement benefit increases.

Plan Membership - Employee membership consisted of the following at October 1, 2024:

	General Employees	Police Officers
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits, including DROP, and terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	14	17
Active participants	31	20
<b>Total</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>37</b>

Plan members are required to contribute 3.5% (6.0% for police officers) of their annual covered salary to the Plan. Contribution requirements of the Plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by the Pension Board. The Town is required to fund any annual unfunded amount as actuarially determined.

Net Pension Liability - The Town's net pension liability was determined based on a measurement date of September 30, 2024.

The components of the pension liability of the Town at September 30, 2025 were as follows:

	2024
Total pension liability	\$ 21,724,063
Plan fiduciary net position	(17,449,325)
Town's net pension liability	\$ 4,274,738
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total liability	80.32%

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 7 – RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)**

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability at September 30, 2025 was determined by using actuarial assumptions as of October 1, 2023, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to September 30, 2025. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	1.90%
Salary increases	5.00%, including inflation
Cost-of-living increases	None
Investment rate of return	6.64%, including inflation

Long-term expected rate of return - The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates (expected returns, net of pension Trust investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and Trust performance.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return
Large Cap Value Equity	12.50%	5.80%
Large Cap Growth Equity	12.50%	6.10%
Mid Cap Value Equity	5.00%	6.20%
Mid Cap Growth Equity	5.00%	6.10%
Small Cap Value Equity	5.00%	6.00%
Small Cap Growth Equity	5.00%	4.70%
International Value Equity	5.00%	4.90%
International Growth Equity	5.00%	4.90%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.00%	5.90%
Private Real Estate	10.00%	4.60%
Infrastructure	5.00%	3.20%
Core Fixed Income	25.00%	1.30%

• Real rate of return are net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.4% for 2024.

Rate of return - For the year ended September 30, 2025, the annual money weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was 4.74%. The money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.64%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from the Town will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate on pension Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 7 – RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)**

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances, as of September 30, 2023, Measurement Date	\$ 18,538,705	\$ 14,399,543	\$ 4,139,162
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	926,855	-	926,855
Expected interest growth	1,251,184	970,444	280,740
Demographic experience	1,148,446	-	1,148,446
Investment income	-	1,645,497	(1,645,497)
Contributions - employer	-	962,996	(962,996)
Contributions - members	-	222,275	(222,275)
Changes in benefit terms	123,671	-	123,671
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(675,413)	(675,413)	-
Assumption changes	410,615	-	410,615
Administrative expense	-	(76,017)	76,017
Net changes	<u>3,185,358</u>	<u>3,049,782</u>	<u>135,576</u>
Balances, as of September 30, 2024, Measurement Date	\$ 21,724,063	\$ 17,449,325	\$ 4,274,738

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes on the Discount Rate - The following presents the net pension liability of the Town using the discount rate of 6.64%, as well as what the employer net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1- percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

Town Net Pension Liability		
1% Decrease	Current Single Discount Rate Assumption	1% Increase
5.64%	Rate 6.64%	7.64%
\$ 6,911,218	\$ 4,274,738	\$ 2,087,647

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - For the year ended September 30, 2025, the Town recognized pension expense of \$555,653. At September 30, 2025, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	\$ 1,024,324	\$ 1,837,645
Demographic changes	1,431,169	188,815
Changes in assumptions	560,099	156,057
Total	<u>\$ 3,015,592</u>	<u>\$ 2,182,517</u>

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 7 – RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)**

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Years ending September 30,	
2025	\$ 240,152
2026	314,986
2027	(163,904)
2028	(8,241)
2029	326,839
Thereafter	123,243
	<b>\$ 833,075</b>

Financial Report - The Town has issued stand-alone financial statements for the Plan, which may be obtained from the Town of Golden Beach Finance Department.

**NOTE 8 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

The Town previously implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. GASB Statement No. 75 specifies that governments must recognize their total OPEB liability and related deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense in the financial statements based on the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments, rather than the smaller net OPEB obligation based on contribution requirements, under GASB Statement No. 45.

Plan Description - The Town's Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (the "OPEB Plan") is a single employer healthcare plan administered by the Town. Pursuant to Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, the Town is required to permit participation in the OPEB Plan to retirees and their eligible dependents at a cost to the Town. This cost is then reimbursed to the Town by the retiree. Eligible individuals include all regular employees of the Town who retire from active service under one of the pension plans sponsored by the Town. Under certain conditions, eligible individuals also include spouses and dependent children. The Plan also covers Town Council members who retire with at least ten years of service. The OPEB Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Funding Policy - The contribution requirements of OPEB plan members and the Town are established by the state statutes and may be amended by the state legislature. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements and is subject to constant revision. The Town has opted to not fund the net OPEB obligation of the resulting unfunded actuarial accrued liability on an annual basis.

The following table provides a summary of the number of participants in the plan as of the measurement date:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	2
Inactive plan members entitled to but	
not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	56
Total plan member	58

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - The actuarial valuation of the calculation of OPEB involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the Town and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the Town and the plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 8 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)**

The total OPEB liability at September 30, 2054 was based on an actuarial valuation dated October 1, 2023 with a measurement date of September 30, 2025, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Discount Rate	4.06 per annum; this rate was used to discount all future benefit payments and is based on the return on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-year High Grade Index as of the measurement date.
Salary Increases	3.00% per annum.
Cost-of-living increases	Retiree contributions, health insurance premiums, and the implied subsidy have been assumed to increase in accordance with the healthcare cost trend rates.
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Increases in healthcare costs are assumed to be 7.00% for the 2023/24 fiscal year graded down by 0.50% per year to 5.00% for the 2027/2028 and later fiscal years.
Age-related Morbidity	Healthcare costs are assumed to increase at the rate of 3.50% for each year of age.
Implied Subsidy	Because the insurance carrier charges the same monthly rate for health insurance regardless of age, for the 2023/24 fiscal year, an implied monthly subsidy was assumed at age 62 of \$475.00 for the retiree and \$600.00 for the retiree's spouse; at other ages, the implied subsidy was developed based on the age-related morbidity assumption and, for other fiscal years, the implied subsidy was increased in accordance with the healthcare cost trend rates; the implied subsidy is assumed to disappear at age 65.
Mortality Basis	Sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree Mortality table for general employees, with male ages set back one year (general employees); sex-distinct rate set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality table for public safety employees (Below Median table for males), with ages set forward one year (police officers); both tables with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018
Retirement	With respect to general employees, retirement is assumed to occur at the rate of 5% at each of ages 55 through 64, 60% at age 65, 40% at each of ages 66 through 69, and 100% at age 70; with respect to police officers who have earned less than 20 years of service, retirement is assumed to occur at the rate of 5% at each of ages 50 through 54, 70% at age 55, 40% at each of ages 56 through 59, and 100% at age 60; with respect officers who have earned at least 20 years of service, retirement is assumed to police to occur at the rate of 5% at each of ages 50 and 51, 70% at age 52, 40% at each of ages 53 through 56, and 100% at age 57.
Other Decrements	Assumed employment termination is based on the Scale 155 table; assumed disability is based on the Wyatt 1985 Disability Study (Class 2).

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 8 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)**

Coverage Election	20% of eligible employees are assumed to elect medical coverage until age 65 upon retirement or disability in accordance with their current election as to coverage status, except that 100% of individuals who are eligible for an explicit subsidy are assumed to elect medical coverage for life upon retirement or disability in accordance with their current election as to coverage status but with no assumed dependent children after age 55.
Spousal age COBRA	Husbands are assumed to be three years older than wives. Future healthcare coverage provided solely pursuant to COBRA was not included in the OPEB valuation; because the COBRA premium is determined periodically based on plan experience, the COBRA premium to be paid by the participant is assumed to fully cover the cost of providing healthcare coverage during the relevant period.
Changes	Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate was decreased from 4.06% per annum to 4.50% per annum.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at September 30, 2025 was 4.50%. Because the Town's OPEB costs are funded on a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date was used to determine the total OPEB liability.

Total OPEB Liability of the Town - The components of the Town's net OPEB liability at September 30, 2025, are as follows:

Measurement Year Ended September 30, 2025

Total OPEB Liability:	
Service cost	\$ 68,983
Interest on total OPEB liability	\$ 147,757
Benefit payments	\$ (104,857)
Demographic gain	\$ -
Assumption changes	\$ (220,185)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ (108,302)
Total OPEB liability, beginning	\$ 3,432,357
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 3,324,055

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 4.50%, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than current discount rate:

	1% Decrease 3.50%	Current Discount Rate 4.50%	1% Increase 5.50%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 3,855,419	\$ 3,324,055	\$ 2,898,405

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

**NOTE 8 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)**

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current trend rate:

	Trend Rate Decrease 6.00% decreasing to 4.00%	Trend Rate Assumption 7.00% decreasing to 5.00%	Trend Rate Increase 8.00% decreasing to 6.00%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 2,845,720	\$ 3,324,055	\$ 3,916,483

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - For the year ended September 30, 2024, the Town recognized negative OPEB expense of \$9,412. At September 30, 2025, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$1,174,689 and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$2,122,951.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Amount
2026	\$ (121,295)
2027	(121,295)
2028	(127,890)
2029	(128,023)
2030	(266,860)
Thereafter	(182,899)
	\$ (948,262)

**NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

For the year ended September 30, 2025, the Town participated in the Florida League of Cities (FLC) risk pool. This is a statewide pool with several hundred governmental members. FLC provided the Town with general liability and property coverages. The FLC pool is nonassessable. There is no self-insured retention for the Town excluding a \$250 per occurrence deductible. FLC also provided the Town with \$ 2,000,000 in general liability coverage.

**NOTE 10 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES**

The Town is subject to various claims and legal proceedings covering a wide range of matters that arise in the ordinary course of its business activities, including employee discrimination claims. Management believes that any liability that may ultimately result from the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the Town.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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DRAFT

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget
				Positive/(Negative)
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Property taxes	\$ 13,521,527	\$ 13,521,527	\$ 13,883,303	\$ 361,776
Franchise fees	8,800	8,800	18,939	10,139
Utility taxes	23,000	23,000	35,433	12,433
Licenses and permits	1,466,500	1,466,500	3,365,373	1,898,873
Sales, use, and fuel taxes	186,540	186,540	192,662	6,122
Grant proceeds	-	-	81,524	81,524
State shared revenues	48,839	48,839	49,634	795
Cultural and recreation	15,000	15,000	19,182	4,182
Fines and forfeitures	99,000	99,000	286,754	
Investment income	105,400	105,400	244,146	138,746
Special assessment	349,466	349,466	334,217	(15,249)
Miscellaneous	217,271	217,271	99,520	(117,751)
Total revenues	<u>16,041,343</u>	<u>16,041,343</u>	<u>18,610,687</u>	<u>2,381,590</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
General government	5,978,576	5,978,576	2,787,723	3,190,853
Legislative	169,749	169,749	212,398	(42,649)
Executive	1,097,227	1,097,227	1,202,632	(105,405)
Town legal counsel	179,500	179,500	219,511	(40,011)
Finance	508,198	508,198	510,827	(2,629)
Law enforcement	5,156,462	5,156,462	5,581,984	(425,522)
Protective inspections	1,341,594	1,341,594	1,173,734	167,860
Physical environment	1,514,995	1,514,995	1,782,390	(267,395)
Transportation	932,089	932,089	1,106,916	(174,827)
Parks and recreation	1,266,595	1,266,595	1,055,220	211,375
Special events	610,830	610,830	665,081	(54,251)
Total expenditures	<u>18,755,815</u>	<u>18,755,815</u>	<u>16,298,416</u>	<u>2,457,399</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(2,714,472)</u>	<u>(2,714,472)</u>	<u>2,312,271</u>	<u>5,026,743</u>
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>				
Transfers in	60,000	60,000	60,000	-
Transfers out	(334,814)	(334,814)	-	334,814
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(274,814)</u>	<u>(274,814)</u>	<u>60,000</u>	<u>334,814</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures and other financing sources (uses)	<u>(2,989,286)</u>	<u>(2,989,286)</u>	<u>2,372,271</u>	<u>5,361,557</u>
Fund balance appropriated	<u>2,989,286</u>	<u>2,989,286</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,989,286)</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>2,372,271</u>	<u>\$ 2,372,271</u>
Fund balance - beginning			<u>6,189,264</u>	
Fund balance - ending			<u>\$ 8,561,535</u>	

See notes to budgetary comparison schedule

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CIP FUND**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Investment income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 354,326	\$ 354,326
Total revenues	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>354,326</u>	<u>354,326</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	<u>2,060,000</u>	<u>2,060,000</u>	<u>19,264</u>	<u>2,040,736</u>
Debt service				
Principal retirement	222,222	222,222	222,222	-
Interest	<u>112,592</u>	<u>112,592</u>	<u>102,843</u>	<u>9,749</u>
Capital outlay:				
General government	<u>5,250,000</u>	<u>5,250,000</u>	<u>3,396,510</u>	<u>1,853,490</u>
Total expenditures	<u>7,644,814</u>	<u>7,644,814</u>	<u>3,740,839</u>	<u>3,903,975</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(7,644,814)</u>	<u>(7,644,814)</u>	<u>(3,386,513)</u>	<u>4,258,301</u>
Other financing sources (uses) :				
Transfers in	-	-	600,000	(600,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>600,000</u>	<u>(600,000)</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures and other financing sources (uses)	<u>(7,644,814)</u>	<u>(7,644,814)</u>	<u>(2,786,513)</u>	<u>4,858,301</u>
Fund balance appropriated	-	-	-	-
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (7,644,814)</u>	<u>\$ (7,644,814)</u>	<u>(2,786,513)</u>	<u>\$ 4,858,301</u>
Fund balance, beginning			<u>3,323,860</u>	
Fund balance, ending			<u>\$ 537,347</u>	

See notes to budgetary comparison schedule

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH, FLORIDA**  
**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 241,871	\$ 241,871	\$ 158,508	\$ (83,363)
Interest	<u>4,000</u>	<u>4,000</u>	<u>14,760</u>	<u>10,760</u>
Total revenues	<u>245,871</u>	<u>245,871</u>	<u>173,268</u>	<u>(72,603)</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public safety	<u>95,248</u>	<u>95,248</u>	<u>46,071</u>	<u>49,177</u>
Capital outlay:				
Public safety	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>377,612</u>	<u>(377,612)</u>
Total expenditures	<u>95,248</u>	<u>95,248</u>	<u>423,683</u>	<u>(328,435)</u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures	<u>150,623</u>	<u>150,623</u>	<u>(250,415)</u>	<u>(401,038)</u>
Other financing sources (uses) :				
Transfers out	<u>(150,623)</u>	<u>(150,623)</u>	<u>(660,000)</u>	<u>(509,377)</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(150,623)</u>	<u>(150,623)</u>	<u>(660,000)</u>	<u>(509,377)</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures and other financing sources (uses)	-	-	(910,415)	(910,415)
Fund balance appropriated	-	-	-	-
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	(910,415)	<u>\$ (910,415)</u>
Fund balance, beginning			<u>7,597</u>	
Fund balance, ending			<u>\$ (902,818)</u>	

**TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH**  
**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS**  
**OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)**

September 30,	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
<b>Total OPEB liability</b>								
Service cost	\$ 68,983	\$ 75,250	\$ 66,566	\$ 68,734	\$ 142,083	\$ 151,600	\$ 11,908	\$ 11,778
Interest	147,757	139,041	164,092	256,695	134,948	73,845	114,195	113,716
Changes of benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	(533,192)	(12,113)	(801,122)	-	751,802	-	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(220,185)	447,509	(152,487)	(1,495,810)	(307,589)	1,206,163	60,685	-
Amortization of payments	-	-	90,181	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit Payments	(104,857)	(90,427)	(74,101)	(57,666)	(78,675)	(63,828)	(67,042)	(52,853)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(108,302)	38,181	82,138	(2,029,169)	(109,233)	2,119,582	119,746	72,641
Total OPEB liability-beginning	3,432,357	3,394,176	3,312,038	5,341,207	5,450,440	3,330,858	3,211,112	3,138,471
Total OPEB liability-ending	<u>\$ 3,324,055</u>	<u>\$ 3,432,357</u>	<u>\$ 3,394,176</u>	<u>\$ 3,312,038</u>	<u>\$ 5,341,207</u>	<u>\$ 5,450,440</u>	<u>\$ 3,330,858</u>	<u>\$ 3,211,112</u>
Covered payroll	\$ 3,432,452	\$ 3,432,452	\$ 2,850,397	\$ 2,850,397	\$ 2,708,702	\$ 2,708,702	\$ 2,373,485	\$ 2,373,485
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	96.84%	100.00%	119.08%	116.20%	197.19%	201.22%	140.34%	135.29%

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However until a full 10-year trend is compiled, plans should present information for those years for which information is available.

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COMPLIANCE SECTION

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Accountants

Advisors

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council  
Town of Golden Beach, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Golden Beach, Florida (the Town), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June XX, 2026.

**Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Town's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2023-01, 2023-03, and 2024-XX that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

**Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

**Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*DRAFT*

Caballero Fierman Llerena & Garcia, LLP  
Miami, Florida  
June XX, 2026



Accountants

Advisors

## MANAGEMENT LETTER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council  
Town of Golden Beach, Florida

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Golden Beach, Florida (the Town) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025, and have issued our report thereon dated June XX, 2026.

### Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

### Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; the Schedule of Findings and Responses, and Independent Accountants' Report an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professional Standards, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated June XX, 2026, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

### Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. See summary schedule of prior audit findings.

### Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, Note 1.

### Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the Town has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Town did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the Town. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Town's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same. This assessment was performed as of the fiscal year end.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

#### **Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) Programs**

As required by Section 10.554(1)(i)6.a., Rules of the Auditor General, the Town did not operate a PACE program authorized pursuant to Section 163.081 or Section 163.082, Florida Statutes, within the Town's geographical boundaries during the fiscal year under audit.

#### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

#### **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, and members of the Town Council and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

*DRAFT*

Caballero Fierman Llerena & Garcia, LLP  
Miami, Florida  
June XX, 2026



Accountants

Advisors

## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE PURSUANT TO SECTION 218.415 FLORIDA STATUTES

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council  
Town of Golden Beach, Florida

We have examined the Town of Golden Beach, Florida, (the Town), compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415 Florida Statutes during the period of October 1, 2024 to September 30, 2025. Management of the Town is responsible for the Town's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Town's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Town complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Town complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the examination engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements. In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements of Section 218.415 Florida Statutes during the period of October 1, 2024 to September 30, 2025.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Mayor, the Town Council, others within the Town and the Auditor General of the State of Florida and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

*DRAFT*

Caballero Fierman Llerena & Garcia, LLP  
Miami, Florida  
June XX, 2026



# TOWN OF GOLDEN BEACH

100 Ocean Boulevard  
Golden Beach, FL 33160

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## MEMORANDUM

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**Date:** June 9, 2026

Item Number:

**To:** Honorable Mayor Glenn Singer &  
Town Council Members

3

**From:** Alexander Diaz, *Alex B*  
Town Manager

**Subject:** **Resolution No. 3077.26 - Accepting the Managers Report on  
the General Purpose Financial Statements for Fiscal Year  
2024/2025.**

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### **Recommendation:**

It is recommended that the Town Council adopt the attached Resolution No. 3077.26 as presented.

### **Background:**

Over the past several months, staff has been working closely with the Town's new auditing firm Caballero Fierman Llerena & Garcia, LLP to prepare the Town's annual financial statements and complete the annual audit. This year's process has been more challenging than usual due to staffing shortages experienced earlier in the fiscal year, which affected our ability to complete certain accounting and reconciliation functions as quickly as anticipated.

Recognizing the importance of timely and accurate financial reporting, I have taken several steps to strengthen our financial operations, including bringing in additional support and resources to ensure that both the current audit and future audits are completed in a more efficient and timely manner. These efforts are intended not only to address this year's challenges but also to establish a stronger framework for future financial reporting cycles.

While the audit remains in its final stages and the auditors continue to perform their final review and testing procedures, I am pleased to report that the Town's financial position remains exceptionally strong.

At the close of Fiscal Year 2024, the General Fund Balance stood at \$6,189,284.00. By the end of Fiscal Year 2025, it was \$8,561,535.00, representing an increase of \$2,372,251.

**Fiscal Impact and Fund Balance Structure**

As of the close of FY 2024/2025, our New Fund Balance is at \$8,561,535 – and is structured as follows:

Nonspendable	FY2025
Prepaid expenditures	176,809.00
Long-term Stormwater	
Interfund receivable	2,578,238.00
Restricted for:	
Building Department	710,513.00
Debt service	
Committed for:	
Pension reserve	460,000.00
Health insurance	235,000.00
Assigned for:	
Generator	228,000.00
Aclarian Software	126,830.00
Equipment & Vehicles	190,000.00
Capitol project funding	1,000,000.00
Unassigned	2,856,145.00
<b>Total Fund Balance:</b>	<b>8,561,535.00</b>

\*\$2,578,238.00                      due from Stormwater Fund (collectable)

Our Financial Positioning remains **STRONG and STABLE!**

As of this date, staff is providing the Council with the Town's financial statements reflecting current financial activity through the most recent reporting period available.

Although the Town's annual audit has not yet been finalized, I wanted to ensure that the Council had access to the most current financial information available prior to the summer recess. It is important that the Council have a clear understanding of the Town's financial condition as we continue budget planning efforts for the upcoming fiscal year.

I am pleased to report that the Town remains in a strong financial position. Based upon the current unaudited financial statements, the Town's General Fund balance exceeds

\$8 million. After accounting for reserves and commitments for specific purposes, including building department operations, pension obligations, health insurance reserves, and other designated funds, **the Town maintains an Unassigned Fund Balance of approximately \$2,856,145.** This level of unrestricted reserves provides the Town with a solid financial foundation and demonstrates our continued commitment to sound fiscal management.

Please note that the Town's independent auditing firm is continuing its audit procedures and final review processes. The auditors remain on schedule to complete the Town's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and associated audit requirements in advance of the June 30 filing deadline required under our bond covenants and other applicable reporting obligations.

The auditing firm is continuing its final review procedures, and staff remains committed to completing the audit as expeditiously as possible. Should any material issues, concerns, findings, or adjustments arise during the completion of the audit process, I will promptly notify the Mayor and Council by memorandum.

Upon completion of the audit and receipt of the final audited financial statements, staff will provide the Mayor and Council with the finalized audit report. We anticipate distributing the final audit no later than mid-July.

At this time, I am pleased to report that the Town remains on sound financial footing, with strong reserves, responsible financial management, and a stable fiscal outlook.

Should you have any questions regarding the audit process or the attached financial statements, please do not hesitate to contact me.